



Наш исх.: 23693/2017/OBS/WIGOS/OSDE

14 июля 2017 г.

Приложения: 3 (имеются только на английском языке)

Вопрос: Мониторинг хода выполнения действий в рамках Плана осуществления эволюции глобальных систем наблюдений (ПО-ЭГСН)

Предлагаемые меры: Обратная связь Членов на пути осуществления действий в рамках ПО-ЭГСН

Уважаемый господин/Уважаемая госпожа!

Как Вы, вероятно, помните, План осуществления эволюции глобальных систем наблюдений (ПО-ЭГСН), соответствующий Перспективному видению для Глобальной системы наблюдений на 2025 г., был принят Исполнительным советом ВМО на его шестьдесят пятой сессии в резолюции 10 (ИС-65).

В ходе семнадцатой сессии Всемирного метеорологического конгресса (Женева, Швейцария, май—июнь 2015 г.) Членам было предложено при взаимодействии с организациями-партнерами, а также выявленными участниками ПО-ЭГСН провести работу по всем действиям, перечисленным в Плане с целью устранения обнаруженных пробелов в наблюдениях с точки зрения потребностей в наблюдениях пользователей областей применения ВМО. Конгресс далее предложил Членам, которые еще не назначили своих национальных координаторов для мониторинга хода выполнения действий, перечисленных в ПО-ЭГСН, сделать это. Он также поручил Комиссии по основным системам (КОС) изыскать возможности для повышения степени вовлеченности Членов и регионов в завершение действий в рамках ПО-ЭГСН и настоятельно призвал Членов к мобилизации ресурсов для дальнейшего продвижения этой деятельности.

После обсуждений в рамках соответствующих групп экспертов КОС был подготовлен документ высокого уровня, в котором комплексно изложены новые пути внесения вклада и извлечения выгоды из глобальных систем наблюдений ВМО через посредство ПО-ЭГСН; он приведен в приложении 1 и добавлениях к нему. В этом документе кратко излагаются цели ПО-ЭГСН, а также обязательства Членов в отношении осуществления действий ПО-ЭГСН.

В связи с этим прошу Вас:

- a) уделить особое внимание прилагаемому перечню (приложение 2) основных действий ПО-ЭГСН и рассмотреть вопрос о ваших возможностях провести по ним работу;
- b) обеспечить наличие в вашей стране национального координатора по ПО-ЭГСН (круг ведения и «nomination form» (форма назначения) приведены в приложении 3, с актуальным списком координаторов можно ознакомиться по ссылке:  
[http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CBS/Lists\\_WorkGroups/CBS/opag\\_ios/fp\\_egos-ip](http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CBS/Lists_WorkGroups/CBS/opag_ios/fp_egos-ip)).

Постоянным представителям (или директорам метеорологических или гидрометеорологических служб) Членов ВМО

Копии: Советникам по гидрологии постоянных представителей  
 Президенту КОС и председателям ГКО-ИСН КОС и МПЭГ-ПЭСН

Секретариат в скором времени будет осуществлять взаимодействие со всеми национальными координаторами по ПО-ЭГСН и попросит их о предоставлении обратной связи по основным действиям ПО-ЭГСН, которые перечислены в приложении 2 на 2016 г.

В этой связи был бы Вам признателен, если бы Вы приняли к сведению информацию, содержащуюся в настоящем письме, и приняли необходимые меры в соответствии с изложенной просьбой.

С уважением,



*br* (П. Таалас)  
Генеральный секретарь

**NEW WAYS TO CONTRIBUTE TO AND BENEFIT FROM  
WMO INTEGRATED GLOBAL OBSERVING SYSTEM (WIGOS)  
THROUGH THE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR THE EVOLUTION OF  
GLOBAL OBSERVING SYSTEMS (EGOS-IP)**

Ref.: 23693/2017-1.4 OBS-WIGOS/OSD

***Purpose***

To bring to your attention, as the Permanent Representative with WMO for your country, the EGOS-IP and what you are being asked to contribute to its implementation<sup>1</sup>.

***Background***

The World Meteorological Organization (WMO) facilitates cooperation amongst its 191 Members so they are each better able to perform their weather, water and climate related functions. A prominent element of this is the sharing of observations obtained through the WMO global observing systems.

All members benefit from the exchange of data between countries. For example, your country benefits from numerical weather prediction which is improved using observations from yours and neighbouring countries, and forecasters the world over benefit from access to weather satellite imagery from satellite operators.

WMO global observing systems are well established, regulated and standardized as documented in WMO technical regulations and supporting guidance material. Most recently the introduction of new technical regulations has included the new Manual on the WMO Integrated Global Observing Systems (WIGOS), covering matters such as station identifiers and observational metadata. Your contributions are valuable and appreciated.

However there is a need to evolve in response to changing requirements for observations and new technological capabilities. WMO brought together technical experts to develop the "Vision for the Global Observing System in 2025"<sup>2</sup>, followed by a coordinated set of actions to pursue this vision. These actions were approved by the sixty-fifth Session of the Executive Council (EC-65, 2013) and published in WIGOS Technical Document No. 2013-4, the Implementation Plan for the Evolution of Global Observing Systems (EGOS-IP).

***The EGOS-IP and your contributions***

The EGOS-IP contains activities to be implemented during the period 2012 to 2025 for maintaining and developing all WMO component observing systems. These systems have a collective identity as the WMO Integrated Global Observing System (WIGOS). WMO observing systems also make major contributions to co-sponsored observing programmes (GCOS<sup>3</sup>, GOOS<sup>4</sup>), the Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS) and to the Global Framework for Climate Services (GFCS).

There are 115 Actions in the EGOS-IP, many of which depend on implementation by Members. We request initial focus and feedback on 15 of these Actions, as listed in Annex 2. The full document should be consulted for elaborative information and the relevant context.

<sup>1</sup> The document, published as WIGOS Technical Document No. 2013-4, is available in 5 languages at <http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/OSY/gos-vision.html#egos-ip>

<sup>2</sup> The Vision for the GOS in 2025 is available in four languages here: <http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/OSY/gos-vision.html#egos-ip>

<sup>3</sup> WMO-IOC-UNEP-ICSU Global Climate Observing System

<sup>4</sup> IOC-WMO-UNEP-ICSU Global Ocean Observing System

According to the Manual on the WIGOS (WMO No. 1160) which invokes the EGOS-IP, you are requested to undertake the following (excerpt from the Manual):

*2.2.6.1 Members should follow the plans published by WMO for the evolution of WIGOS component observing systems when planning and managing their WIGOS observing systems.*

*2.2.6.2 Members shall coordinate the activities of organizations within their country, including National Meteorological and Hydrological Services (NMHSs) and other agencies, in addressing relevant actions of the WMO plans for the evolution of WIGOS observing systems.*

For some of the EGOS-IP Actions, in your efforts to make progress you may find assistance through collaboration with your WMO Regional Association and other sources of assistance for capacity development.

Other parties have been asked to give attention to the other actions, although their implementation efforts may in some cases lead them to seek your collaboration.

### **Monitoring progress**

WMO regularly monitors progress on all the EGOS-IP actions and seeks to resolve any problems and to assist the understanding and ability to implement the actions. To report annually against the EGOS-IP actions, all Permanent Representatives were asked to nominate a National Focal Point (NFP) for the EGOS-IP. The current list of NFPs is available on the WMO web site<sup>5</sup>. A copy of the call for nominations is reproduced in Annex 3. To date around 90 Members have nominated a NFP; a nomination for your country is requested if you have not provided one already.

The NFPs play a critical role by providing annual reports on progress. It is intended that an overall annual report will be compiled and made available to you. So far only a brief assessment has been undertaken, as indicated in the relevant agenda paper<sup>6</sup> of the WMO Commission for Basic Systems' Expert Team responsible for this activity.

### **Action required**

You are requested to:

- (a) Pay particular attention to the attached list of key EGOS-IP actions and take action nationally in order to consider how these actions are being addressed at the national level,
- (b) Ensure that your Country has a National Focal Point for the EGOS-IP who will respond to future requests for information on your country's progress against the 15 actions.

<sup>5</sup> At [http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CBS/Lists\\_WorkGroups/CBS/opag\\_ios/fp\\_egos-ip](http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CBS/Lists_WorkGroups/CBS/opag_ios/fp_egos-ip)

<sup>6</sup> The agenda paper is available at <https://drive.google.com/file/d/0BzxtAFnFpjaRcExHNFdaS2JzakU/view?pref=2&pli=1>

## KEY EGOS-IP ACTIONS FOR MEMBERS

Note: These are the key actions, on which we encourage initial focus and feedback. It should be noted however, that the remaining actions are also important and need to be addressed by the identified actors in the EGOS-IP.

Action No.	Action	Performance indicator
C3	<b>WIS Standards</b> – Ensure all operators producing observations adhere to the WIS standards.	Extent to which WIS standards are applied.
C4	<b>Users consultation</b> – Careful preparation is required before introducing new (or changing existing) observing systems. The impact needs to be assessed through prior and ongoing consultation with data users and the wider user community. Also, data users need to be provided with guidance on data reception/acquisition, processing and analysis infrastructure, the provision of proxy data, and the provision of education and training programmes.	Extent to which user community concerns are captured.
C7	<b>“Change management” procedures</b> – Ensure time continuity and overlap of key components of the observing system and their data records, in accordance with user requirements, through appropriate change-management procedures.	Continuity and consistency of data records.
C8	<b>Data sharing principles</b> – For WMO and co-sponsored observing systems, ensure continued adherence to WMO data sharing principles irrespective of origin of data, including data provided by commercial entities.	Continued availability of all essential observational data to all WMO members.
C12	<b>Radio frequencies</b> – Ensure a continuous monitoring of the radio frequencies which are needed for the different components of WIGOS, in order to make sure they are available and have the required level of protection.	Observation frequency bands available/not available with required level of protection.
G2	<b>Hourly data exchange</b> – Ensure, as far as possible, a global exchange of hourly data which are used in global applications, optimized to balance user requirements against technical and financial limitations.	The standard monitoring indicators used in global NWP.
G4	<b>WIGOS Standards</b> – Ensure exchange of observations from atmosphere, ocean, terrestrial observing system, according to the WIGOS standards. If needed, organize different levels of pre-processed observations in order to satisfy different user requirements.	Statistics on the data made available to each application.
G7	<b>Radiosondes in data-sparse areas</b> – Expand radiosonde stations, or re-activate silent radiosonde stations, in the data sparse areas of Regions I, II and III which have the poorest data coverage. Make all possible effort to avoid closing of existing stations in these data sparse areas, where even a very small number of radiosonde stations can provide an essential benefit to all the users.	The standard monitoring indicators used in NWP

<b>Action No.</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Performance indicator</b>
G13	<b>Radiosonde data availability</b> – Identify radiosonde stations that make regular measurements (including radiosondes operated during campaigns only), but for which data are not transmitted in real-time. Take actions to make data available.	A number of the above radiosonde stations providing data to GTS, plus standard monitoring indicators on radiosonde data availability and timeliness.
G14	<b>HR Radiosonde data</b> – Ensure a timely distribution of radiosonde measurements at high vertical resolution, together with position and time information for each datum, and other associated metadata.	Number of radiosonde sites providing the high resolution profiles.
G17	<b>Regional remote sensing profiling stations</b> – Develop networks of remote-sensing profiling stations on the regional scale in order to complement the radiosonde and aircraft observing systems, mainly on the basis of regional, national and local user requirements (although part of the measured data will be used globally).	A number of profiling stations providing quality-assessed data in real-time to WIS/GTS.
G18	<b>Processing &amp; exchange of profiler data</b> – Ensure, as far as possible, the required processing and the exchange of profiler data for local, regional and global use. When profiler data can be produced more frequently than 1 hour, a dataset containing only hourly observations can be exchanged globally following the WIS principles.	A number of profiling stations exchanged globally.
G40	<b>Metadata &amp; representativeness of special stations</b> – Ensure, as far as possible in real-time, exchange of observations, relevant metadata, including a measure of representativeness made by surface-based stations serving specific applications (road transport, aviation, agricultural meteorology, urban meteorology, etc.).	A percentage of observations from the above stations exchanged regionally and globally in real-time.
G45	<b>Dual polarization radars</b> – Increase the deployment, calibration and use of dual polarization radars in those regions where it is beneficial.	Data coverage obtained from this type of radar for each Region.
G47	<b>Weather radars for developing countries &amp; DRR</b> – For areas in developing countries which are sensitive to storms and floods, a special effort has to be made to establish and maintain weather radar stations.	The number of operational weather radar stations in the above areas.

**NOMINATION OF NATIONAL FOCAL POINT(S) ON THE  
IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR THE  
EVOLUTION OF GLOBAL OBSERVING SYSTEMS (EGOS-IP)**

Ref.: 23693/2017-1.4 OBS-WIGOS/OSD

**A. Terms of Reference**

The National Focal Points (NFPs) responsible for reporting progress and plans in the Country related to the Implementation Plan for the Evolution of Global Observing Systems (EGOS-IP):

1. Shall report annually as requested by the WMO Secretariat on the status of the national components of the Surface- and Space-Based Sub Systems of the Global Observing System vis-à-vis recommendations of the EGOS-IP; and
2. Should share national and/or regional plans for the evolution of the national components of the Surface- and Space-Based Sub-Systems of the Global Observing System taking into account recommendations of the EGOS-IP.

**B. Nomination Form**

The Permanent Representative of \_\_\_\_\_  
nominates the following person as NATIONAL FOCAL POINT on the EGOS-IP:

1. **Family name:** \_\_\_\_\_
2. **First name:** \_\_\_\_\_
3. **Business address:** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Telephone:** \_\_\_\_\_
- Fax:** \_\_\_\_\_
- Email:** \_\_\_\_\_
4. **Present position and type of responsibility:** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Date** \_\_\_\_\_

**Signature of Permanent Representative:** \_\_\_\_\_

To be completed and returned to the WMO Secretariat:

The Secretary-General  
World Meteorological Organization  
Case Postale No. 2300  
CH-1211 Geneva 2  
Fax: +41 22 730 81 81 / +41 22 730 80 21

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