WMO OMM



29 أيار/ مايو 2020

World Meteorological Organization Organisation météorologique mondiale Organización Meteorológica Mundial Всемирная метеорологическая организация المنظمة العالمية للأرصاد الجوية 世界气象组织 Secrétariat 7 bis, avenue de la Paix – Case postale 2300 CH 1211 Genève 2 – Suisse Tél.: +41 (0) 22 730 81 11 Fax: +41 (0) 22 730 81 81 wmo@wmo.int – public.wmo.int

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عدد المرفقات: 1 (متوافر بالإنكليزية فقط)

الموضوع: جمع البيانات لنشر ها في سجلات الطقس العالمية لعامي 2018 و2019

الإجراء المطلوب: تقديم البيانات في أقرب وقت ممكن، على ألا يتجاوز ذلك 31 تموز/ يوليو 2020

تحية طيبة وبعد،

أود أن أبلغكم أنه قد تم اتخاذ الترنيبات لجمع سجلات الطقس العالمية (WWR). فلعلكم نتذكرون أن المؤتمر العالمي السابع عشر للأرصاد الجوية قد أشار إلى نجاح تنفيذ النهج الجديد لتقديم السجلات (WWR) على أساس سنوي، وحث الأعضاء على تقديم بياناتهم سريعا، على النحو المبين في القرار 14 (EC-64) - تقديم سجلات الطقس العالمية سنويا.

ولذلك أدعوكم إلى إعداد البيانات الخاصة بالمحطات الموجودة في بلدكم والمسجلة في أداة المنظمة (WMO) لتحليل واستعراض قدرات نظم الرصد للرصدات السطحية القاعدة (OSCAR/Surface، انظر (https://oscar.wmo.int/surface). وينبغي أن تغطي البيانات عامي 2018 و2019، وإن كانت بيانات الفترتين 2000-1991 و2010-2010، والسنوات 2011 و2012 و2013 و2014 و2015 و2016 و2017 **لم تقدم بعد** فيرجى أيضا تقديمها. وأود أن أؤكد أن قواعد البيانات التي لدينا تتضمن ثغرات هامة في البيانات في معظم أنحاء العالم بشأن الفترتين المشار إليهما أعلاه وكذلك السنوات سالفة الذكر.

ويرجى رقمنة البيانات وتقديمها إما بنسق EXCEL وإما بنسق نصي، وفقا للمبادئ التوجيهية الخاصة بتقديم سجلات الطقس العالمية لعام 2011 وما بعده (مطبوع المنظمة رقم 1186) (مشروع النسخة 3.0 المؤرخ أيار/ مايو 2020). وتشمل التحديثات تسلسلا (منطقيا) منقحا للعناصر المناخية (القسم ثانيا-1)، وتعديلات ذات صلة على القالب النموذجي، بما في ذلك محددات الهوية للمحطات WIGOS (القسم الثاني-2)، وتنقيحا لآلية جمع السجلات (WWR) (المرفق 1). ويتوافر نموذج EXCEL محدث ونماذج الملفات النصية هنا:

وتيسيرا لنشر البيانات التي تتضمنها السجلات (WWR)، يرجى تقديم إسهاماتكم في أقرب وقت ممكن، على ألا يتجاوز ذلك **31 تموز/ يوليو 2020**، إلى المراكز الرئيسية المعنية التابعة للنظام العالمي لرصد المناخ (GCOS)، طبقا للمرفق 1 للمبادئ التوجيهية.

إلى: الممثلين الدائمين لأعضاء المنظمة (أو مديري مرافق الأرصاد الجوية أو الأرصاد الجوية الهيدرولوجية)

صورة إلى: رؤساء الاتحادات الإقليمية رئيس ونواب رئيس اللجنة (SERCOM) رئيس ونواب رئيس اللجنة (INFCOM) مدير المراكز الوطنية للمعلومات البيئية (NCEI)، أشفيل ويمكن الوصول إلى التحديثات السنوية للسجلات (WWR) المجمعة في إطار هذا النظام والمراقب جودتها من خلال المركز العالمي لبيانات الأرصاد الجوية: -https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/wdcmet/data-access-search-viewer tools/world-weather-records-wwr-clearinghouse. وتشمل التحديثات الأخيرة بيانات الفترة 2016-2011 الخاصة بالسلسلة الحادية عشرة الحالية للسجلات (WWR) (2020-2011).

وإذا كنتم بحاجة إلى مزيد من الإيضاح، الرجاء عدم التردد في الاتصال بشعبة مراقبة المناخ وخدمات السياسات بالمنظمة (WMO) (السيد عمر بدور، رئيس شعبة مراقبة المناخ وخدمات السياسات، والسيد Peer Hechler، الموظف العلمي: wcdmp@wmo.int).

وتفضلوا بقبول فائق الاحترام،

(ا. ماناينكوفا) عن الأمين العام

المرفق

Draft updated Guidelines for the Submission of the World Weather Records 2011+

Version 3.0, May 2020, NCEI/WMO/PH;

Updates of content highlighted:

Section II.1: Revised (logical) sequence of the climatic elements

Section II.2: Template adjustments including accommodation of WIGOS Station Identifier (template adjustments have been incorporated –but not highlighted anymore- in Annexes 2 and 3)

Annex 1: Update of collection mechanism

Text alignments and updates as appropriate

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I. BACKGROUND

I.1 History

The World Weather Records (WWR) database contains historical monthly climatic data from land surface stations worldwide. First released in 1927, the WWR database has been widely employed in operational climate monitoring, international climate assessments, and numerous other applications. To date, there have been ten editions of WWR, the first containing data up through 1920, with each successive release containing data for another decade (i.e., 1921-1930, 1931-1940, 1941-1950, 1951-1960, 1961-1970, 1971-1980, 1981-1990, 1991-2000, 2001-2010). Since its inception, WWR has been produced by three different institutions: the Smithsonian Institution (1927, 1934, 1947); the U.S. Weather Bureau (1959, 1967); and the U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA; 1983, 1991, 2005). The current edition will also be produced by NOAA. It addresses the 2011+ period, consistent with WMO Secretariat guidance. However, the previous edition lacked data for many countries, posing an impediment to climate monitoring and assessment activities because of the decline in station coverage starting in 1991. World Meteorological Congress XVI, Geneva 2011, emphasized the importance of updating the World Weather Records continuously. It requested Members to complete the data sets for WWR 1991-2000, submit WWR for 2001-2010, and -starting from 2011- move towards annual updates of the WWR. This approach has been formalised through Resolution 14 (EC-64) Submission of World Weather Records on an Annual Basis.

I.2 Submission Channels of the WWRs

Each WMO Member should submit two types of files to the responsible CBS Lead Center for GCOS or to WMO as appropriate (see suggested collection mechanisms in ANNEX I). The first file type should contain station data for the country (single Excel file containing all stations OR single text file per station) and the second should contain a history metadata file (ANNEX IV). These files can be submitted via electronic mail following guidance provided by the WMO Secretariat or by a regional coordinating center. In the list of countries in ANNEX I, the responsible institutions are given for each region including an email address. In case of any question the Members are encouraged to contact WMO: wcdmp@wmo.int.

I.3 Quality Assurance and Accessibility of WWRs

WWRs can be accessed through the World Data Centre for Meteorology, National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI), Asheville, United States of America at https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/wdcmet/data-access-search-viewer-tools/world-weather-recordswwr-clearinghouse. It is planned to provide access to quality-controlled WWRs within six months of the WMO's submission deadline annually. Routine quality assurance reviews of NCEI focus on gross data problems and include format consistency checks, determination of duplication and reasonableness of submitted values and metadata.

II. METHODOLOGY FOR REPRESENTING THE WWRs

II.1 Data Elements

This document provides guidance on how to format data for submission to the current edition of WWR. As in the previous edition, the database will contain six climatic elements:

(code 2) Monthly mean station pressure

- (code 3) Monthly mean sea level pressure
- (code 4) Monthly mean air temperature

- (code 5) Total precipitation in tenths of a mm Monthly mean maximum temperature
- (code 6) Mean daily maximum air temperature in tenths of a °C Monthly mean minimum temperature
- (code 7) Mean daily minimum air temperature in tenths of a °C Total monthly precipitation

As practiced in recent years, monthly means of daily relative humidity can be submitted too:

(code 8) Monthly mean relative humidity.

The primary goal is to capture year-by-year, month-by-month data for each element at each station (e.g., total monthly precipitation for Geneva in January 2011, February 2011, ..., December 2015+). However, station metadata are also of particular importance. At a minimum these metadata should include station name, coordinates, and elevation. Preferably, observation times, averaging formulas, instrumentation types and station changes will also be documented. WMO Members should submit data for all of their surface stations that have an official WMO station index number/WIGOS Station Identifier.

II.2 Data Format

Each WMO Member should submit the WWRs data in either Excel or text file format. This section describes the format of these files, which are similar to previous editions of WWR. There are generally two record types in these formats:

- (a) Station header records documenting basic station characteristics
- (b) Yearly data records with monthly and annual data for a particular year

Note that Decadal Average (MEAN) and Climate Normal (CLINO) records are no longer necessary with this data submission.

Option 1: Excel

An example of a properly formatted Excel submission is given in ANNEX II and an electronic template is provided to Members. A single Excel file should contain all stations for a given country, with a single station on each tab, and each tab containing a single station's elements.

The first line for each station must be a station header record, which should contain the most recent information for the station. A second header record line has been added to accommodate the new WIGOS Station Identifier.

The next yearly data record section contains data for each climatic element for that station. Leave the element section blank if the station does not report that element.

(a) Station Header Records

Station header records contain 15 fields documenting basic station characteristics. These characteristics should represent the most recent location of the station. Stated in tabular form, the contents include the following:

FIELD	COLUMNS	CONTENTS	NOTES
	1-2		Leave these columns blank
<mark>+A</mark>	3-7	WMO number	5-digit with leading 0 if applicable, right-justified. Leave null if new station with only WIGOS Station Identifier.
<mark>2</mark> B	8-8	Element Designator Code	1 = Station header record
<mark>-3C</mark>	9-10	Degrees of latitude (0-90)	Right-justified
<mark>4C</mark>	11-12	Minutes of latitude (0-59)	Right-justified
<mark>5C</mark>	13-14	Seconds of latitude (if available, 0-59)	Right-justified
<mark>6C</mark>	15-15	Hemisphere of latitude	N (Northern) or S (Southern)
<mark>7D</mark>	16-18	Degrees of longitude (0-180)	Right-justified
<mark>8</mark> D	19-20	Minutes of longitude (0-59)	Right-justified
<mark>9</mark> D	21-22	Seconds of longitude (if available, 0-59)	Right-justified
<mark>10</mark> D	23-23	Hemisphere of longitude	E (Eastern) or W (Western)
<mark>11</mark> E	24-47	Name of country in English	Left-justified
<mark>12</mark> F	48-71	Name of station in English	Left-justified
<mark>13</mark> G	72-76	Height of station above sea level (whole meters)	Right-justified
<mark>14</mark> H	77-83	Height of barometer above sea level (tenths of meters)	Right-justified
L	<mark>3-33</mark>	WIGOS Station Identifier (WSI)	Maximum 31 character identifier from WMO's OSCAR system, left-justified

(b) Yearly Data Records

Each yearly data record contains monthly and annual data for a particular year. These records contain 17 fields documenting the WMO number (if applicable), element type, year, monthly data values, and the annual value. Stated in tabular form, the contents include the following:

FIELD	COLUMNS	CONTENTS	NOTES
	1-2		Leave these columns blank
<mark>1A</mark>	3-7	WMO number	5-digit with leading 0 if applicable, right-justified. Leave null if new station with only WIGOS Station Identifier.
<mark>2</mark> B	8-8	Element Designator Code	2 = mean station pressure in tenths of hpa.
		Designator code	3 = mean sea level pressure in tenths of hpa.
			4 = mean daily air temperature in tenths of a °C.
			5 = total precipitation in tenths of a mm.
			6 = mean daily maximum air temperature in tenths of a °C.
			7 = mean daily minimum air temperature in tenths of a °C.
			8 = mean of the daily relative humidity in whole percent.
<mark>-31</mark>	9-12	Year	4-digits
<mark>4J</mark>	13-13	Average Value Designator Code	Blank = Yearly data record
<mark>5</mark> K	14-18	January	If a value is missing, then leave the field blank.
<mark>6</mark> K	19-23	February	
<mark>7K</mark>	24-28	March	All values should be right-justified.
<mark>8K</mark>	29-33	April	
<mark>9K</mark>	34-38	Мау	Decimal points are implied (e.g., 1014.1 hpa should be entered as "10141").
<mark>10</mark> K	39-43	June	
<mark>11</mark> K	44-48	July	If there is no value after the decimal, the last character should be
<mark>12</mark> K	49-53	August	
<mark>13</mark> K	54-58	September	"0" (e.g., 1014.0 hpa should be "10140").
<mark>14</mark> K	59-63	October	
<mark>15</mark> K	64-68	November	If the temperature is negative, the 1 st value of the field should be "-" (e.g., -13).
<mark>16</mark> K	69-73	December	Should be - (e.g., -15).
<mark>17K</mark>	74-78	Annual	If precipitation is zero, the field should be "0". If there was trace precipitation, the field should be "T".

If data are missing for an entire year, then only complete Fields 1-4A, B, I and J.

Yearly data can be provided only for the data-year in question but also for other data-years where data were not previously submitted or need to be corrected.

Option 2: Text

An example of a properly formatted text file submission is given in ANNEX III and a template is provided. A single text file should contain one station containing that single station's elements.

The first line for each station must be a station header record which should contain the most recent information for the station. A second header record line has been added to accommodate the new WIGOS Station Identifier.

The next yearly data record section contains data for each climatic element for that station. Leave the element section blank by using spaces if the station does not report that element. Do not use 9's or -9's or tabs to represent missing data.

(a) Station Header Records

Station header records contain 8 rows documenting basic station characteristics. These characteristics should represent the most recent location of the station.

LINE	POSITION	CONTENTS	NOTES
1	40-44	WMO number	5-digit with leading 0 if applicable, left-justified <mark>.</mark> Leave null if new station with only WIGOS Station Identifier.
2	40-63	Name of station in English	Left-justified
3	40-63	Name of country in English	Left-justified
4	40-49	Latitude Degrees (0-90) Minutes (0-59) Seconds (0-59) Direction (N or S)	Left-justified, example 09 04 00N
5	40-50	Longitude Degrees (0-180) Minutes (0-59) Seconds (0-59) Direction (E or W)	Left-justified, example 000 45 59S
6	40-49	Height of station above sea level	Left-justified, whole meters
7	40-49	Height of barometer above sea level	Left-justified, tenths of meters, explicit decimal
8	<mark>40-70</mark>	WIGOS Station Identifier (WSI)	Maximum 31 character identifier from WMO's OSCAR system, left-justified

(b) Yearly Data Records

Each yearly data record contains monthly and annual data for a particular year. These records contain 14 fields documenting the year, element type, monthly data values, and the annual value. Stated in tabular form, the contents include the following:

FIELD	COLUMNS	CONTENTS	NOTES
1	1-4	Year	4-digits
2	6-11	January	If a value is missing, then leave the field blank.
3	13-18	February	
4	20-25	March	All values should be right-justified.
5	27-32	April	Desimal points should be explicitly poted except for
6	34-39	Мау	Decimal points should be explicitly noted except for relative humidity (which is rounded to whole percent).
7	41-46	June	
8	48-53	July	If there is no value after the decimal, the last character should be "0" (e.g., 1014 hpa should be "1014.0").
9	55-60	August	
10	62-67	September	If the temperature is negative, the 1 st value of the field should be "-" (e.g., -13).
11	69-74	October	Should be - (e.g., -13).
12	76-81	November	If precipitation is zero, the field should be "0". If there
13	83-88	December	was trace precipitation, the field should be "T".
14	90-95	Annual	

If data are missing for an entire year, then only complete Field 1. If data are missing for any months, use spaces to fill (not the tab key).

Yearly data can be provided only for the data-year in question but also for other data-years where data were not previously submitted or need to be corrected.

II.3 History Metadata (Station Notes)

Each WMO Member should submit one file containing all of the metadata (station notes) for all of the stations in their country. There is no required format for this information, but there is some preferred content to make the greatest possible use of the submitted climatic data. Critical content includes the times of observation, the formulas used in computing means, and the types of instrumentation. To the extent possible, this information should be specific to each climatic element. Furthermore, it is extremely helpful if historical changes are explicitly documented for all types of metadata, including observation times, averaging formulas, instrumentation types, and (changes in) basic parameters such as location and elevation. An example of station notes is given in Annex IV.

Annex I: Proposed collection mechanism by region

Annex I.	roposed conection mechanis		
REGION	Countries (ENG)	Collection mechanism	Alternative
REGION	Angola, Algeria, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Canary Islands, Comoros Islands, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Guinea Equatorial, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, the Ocean Islands (St. Helena Island, Ascension Island, Martin de Vivies, Iles Crozet, Iles Kerguelen), Rwanda, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Sao Tome and Principe, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan, Swaziland, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia, Zimbabwe	CBS Lead Center for GCOS Africa, Morocco (DMN), cbs.lead.centre.4gcos@gmail.com	₩ MO, Ceneva; wedmp@wmo.int
REGION II	Afghanistan, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Brunei, Cambodia, China, India, Iran, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, Vietnam, Yemen	CBS Lead Center for GCOS Asia, Japan (JMA); climatemonitor@met.kishou.go.jp	₩ MO, Geneva; wcdmp@wmo.int
REGION III	All countries of RA III	CBS Lead Center for GCOS South America, Chile (DMC); <mark>gtorres@meteochile.cl</mark>	<mark>₩MO, Geneva;</mark> wcdmp@wmo.int
REGION IV	All countries of RA IV	CBS Lead Center for GCOS North and Central America, Caribbean, USA (NCEI); gcos.ncdc@noaa.gov	₩ ₩0, Geneva; <mark>wcdmp@wmo.int</mark>
REGION V	Countries of RA V, which are not noted under RA II	CBS Lead Center for GCOS South West Pacific, Australia (BOM); GCOS_Lead_Centre_RAV@bom.gov .au	₩ MO, Geneva; wcdmp@wmo.int
REGION VI	Countries of RA VI, which are not noted under RA II	CBS Lead Center for GCOS Europe, Germany (DWD); <mark>CBS-LC-</mark> GCOS.RAVI@dwd.de	₩ MO, Geneva; wcdmp@wmo.int

Note: The above CBS Lead Centres for GCOS constitute the principle regional nodes of the WWR collection mechanism. The WMO Secretariat does not act as a node in the WWR collection mechanism. Members are requested to contact the WMO Secretariat (wcdmp@wmo.int) for coordination should submission problems arise.

Annex II: Example Excel File (single station per tab)

o Detailed Colum	n Description In	structions					ather Reco Station (A)					
n Header Red A 5 6 7 8 MO Number	Cords 9 10 11 12 13 C Lattude D D M M S S	14 15 16 17 18 19 D Longits S ^{MS} D D D M	de MSS ^{MM}			E	9 49 41 42 43 4				F	65 56 57 68 6	G Staton Ho	gM Baron
MICh Number * Landbade Country Name (English) Station Name (English)														
an Station P	ressure (ten	ths of hPa, d	lecimal imp	lied, examp	le 10228 me	ans 1022.8) 9 49 41 42 43 44	45 46 47 48 49	50 51 52 53 54	55 56 57 58 59	60 61 62 63 64	65 66 57 68 6	59 70 71 72 73 74	75 78 77 78
MMO Number * 85629 2	Year # 2011	10228	10218	10123	10111	10031	Juno 9998	10000	10056	10124	10166	10206	10284	10129
85629 2 85629 2	2013 2014	10238 10238	10209 10168	10190 10152	10101 10086	10070 10041	10008 10039	10004 10001	10040 10045	10101 10107	10158 10185	10227 10204	10247 10248	10133 10126
85629 2 85629 2	2017 2018													
an Sea Level	9 10 11 12 13						0 40 41 42 45 4	45 46 47 43 49	50 51 52 53 54	55 56 57 58 50	60 61 62 63 64	65 96 57 68 6	89 70 71 72 73 74	75 78 77 78
85629 3 85629 3	2011 2012	10269 10247	10258 10245	10165	10149 10132	10067 10113	June 10034 10056	10036 10033	10092 10080	10161 10161	10204 10199	10245 10240	10307	10167 10165
85629 3 85629 3	2014 2015	10279 10275	10207	10191 10220	10123 10114	10078 10086	10075 10015	10037 10036	10081 10072	10144 10156	10223 10212	10243 10209	10288 10304	10164 10166
85629 3 85629 3	2017 2018 2019	10279	10207	10191	10123	10078	10075	10037			10223	10243		
4 6 6 7 8 A B	9 10 11 12 13 I J		20 21 22 23 24	26 26 27 28 29	30 31 32 33 34	36 36 37 38 3	9 40 41 42 43 4 K	45 46 47 48 49	60 61 62 63 64	66 66 57 58 59 September				
85629 4 85629 4	2012 2013	-31	-15 34 9	98 63	144 141 153	219 210	257 236 247	273 275 261	258 257 262	212 205 206	138 107 132	53 34 35	-24 -29 3	129 132 129
85629 4 85629 4	2015 2016	-28 -31	-29	63 63	164 153	198 210	256 247	279 261	260 262	221 206	149 132	75 35	-25 3	132 129
85629 4	2018 2019 Ion (tenths		nal implied,	example 12										
MMO Number *	I J Year #	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Amuel
85629 5 85629 5 85629 5	2012 2013 2014	0 96 7	5 29 88	60 329 1	377 130 372	123 308 391	661 696	549 577 1820	743 342 507	507 879 742	226 668 99	0 429 80	79 1 32	3704 4449 4835
85629 5 85629 5	2017		29		130	308	661	577	342	879	668	429	1	4449
85629 5 an Daily Max 4 5 6 7 8	2019 timum Air T 9 10 11 12 13	emperature (tenths of de	egree Celsiu 26 26 27 28 29	s, decimal	implied, ex	9 40 41 42 43 4	eans -1.3 C)	50 51 52 53 54	55 56 57 58 59	60 61 62 63 64	65 95 57 58 6	59 70 71 72 73 74	75 76 77 78
MO Number * 85629 6	Year # 2011	-13	36		204	295	June 308	323	305	267	191	111	16	183
85629 6 85629 6 85629 6	2013 2014 2015	16 26 21	61 82 13	134 125	223 227	264 256	304 315	310 307 327	293 303	255 267 272	200 206	71 119 134	31 16	188 185
85629 6 85629 6	2017 2018													
an Daily Min 4 5 6 7 8 A B	9 10 11 12 13 I J	14 15 16 17 18 19	20 21 22 23 24	25 26 27 28 29		35 36 37 38 3	9 40 41 42 43 44							75 76 77 78
85629 7 85629 7	2011 2012	-93 -52	-60 -28	13	83 89	158 154	207 194	227 228	212 215	160 143	88 57	-3 -16	-86 -62	77 80
85629 7 85629 7 85629 7	2014 2015 2016	-66 -65 -75	-16 -63 -39	26 4 19	100 96	148 145 154	203 194	219 236 220	210 222 212	164 174 164	87 95 78	21 26 2	-36 -59 -42	89 85 82
85629 7 85629 7	2018 2019						202	219	210	164	87	21	-36	89
4 5 6 7 8 A B MONumber	9 10 11 12 13 I J Year #	14 15 16 17 18 19 January	20 21 22 23 24 February	25 26 27 28 29 March	30 31 32 33 34 April	35 36 37 38 3 May	June	Jay	August	Soptombor	Odobor	November	December	Annual
85629 8 85629 8	2012 2013	42 50	43 52	36 56	45 50	49 62	64 56	68 71	74 67	66 73	56 59	46 64	65 42	55 59
85629 8 85629 8 85629 8	2015 2016 2017	41 50	47	31 56	34 50	62	60 56	66 71	73 67	59 73	50 59	45 64	36 42	49 59
	2019	lumn Descrie	otions											
	A	Vorld Meteorolo	gical Organizat ator Code. 1=1 2=1 3=1 4=N 5=T 6=N	Header Record Mean Station P Mean Sea Leve Mean Air Tempe otal Amount of	ressure (tenths I Pressure (ten rrature (tenths Precipitation (y Maximum Ai	s of hPa), hths of hPa), of deg C), tenths of mm), r Temperature								
	D L E C F S	atitude. Format ongitude. Form Country Name (in Station Name (in feight of Station.	8=N DDMMSS (N at: DDDMMSS English) English) Format: who	Mean of the Dai I or S), where I S (E or W), who le meters.	ly Relative Hun DD=Degrees ((ere DDD=Degr	hidity in whole ; 00 to 90), MM- ecs (000 to 18	percent -Minutes (00 to	59), SS=Secon	ds (00 to 59), 1 =Seconds (00	N = North, S= to 59), E = Ea	South Ist, W = West			
	1) J #	leight of Barome /ear of Data. Average Value I Monthly/Annual D	Designator Cod	le. Format: Bl	ank=Yearly Da	ta	mal implied) bli	ankemissing val-	e, annual value	mean of mon	hiv values			
		Precipitati	on: All values t pitation indicate	to tenths of a m ad with a 0, trac	m, annual valu e precipitation	e sum of month total (>0 and ·	hly values, <0.05 mm) india		,		,			

Annex III: Example Text File (single station per file)

WMO Number:	85629
Station Name:	CURICO GENERAL FREIRE
Country Name:	CHILE
Latitude (DD MM SS N/S):	34 58 00 S
Longitude (DDD MM SS E/W):	071 14 00 W
Station Height (whole meters):	228
Barometer Height (meters, to tenths):	228.0
WIGOS Station Identifier (WSI):	0-20000-0-85629
(2) Mean Station Pressure (precision t	o tenths of hPa)
Year Jan Feb Mar Apr May	Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec ANNUAL
2011 989.0 986.9 989.1 989.8 990.	0 993.8 993.2 992.9 993.5 991.6 989.9 988.3 990.7
2012 988.3 988.5 988.7 990.7 990.	5 991.5 990.7 991.3 990.9 991.6 988.6 986.3 989.8
2013 985.2 987.3 988.3 989.	5 991.4 991.2 991.9 992.9 990.1 989.1 987.8 989.3
2014 986.9 986.2 987.3 989.8 990.	7 992.0 989.0 992.7 990.9 990.7 990.0 986.2 989.4
2015 987.5 986.1 986.3 990.3 990.	1 990.0 991.4 992.7 990.4 989.6 988.7 988.1 989.3
2016 985.2 987.3 988.3 989.	5 991.4 991.2 991.9 992.9 990.1 989.1 987.8 989.3
2017 986.9 986.2 987.3 989.8 990.	7 992.0 989.0 992.7 990.9 990.7 990.0 986.2 989.4
2018	
2019	
(3) Mean Sea Level Pressure (precision	to tenths of hPa)
Year Jan Feb Mar Apr May	Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec ANNUAL
2011 1015.1 1012.9 1015.4 1016.5 1016.	9 1021.2 1020.2 1020.6 1018.4 1016.3 1014.4 1017.4
2012 1014.3 1014.6 1015.0 1017.5 1017.	7 1018.8 1017.9 1018.5 1017.8 1018.5 1015.0 1012.3 1016.5
2013 1011.0 1012.3 1013.6 1015.1 1016.	7 1019.0 1018.6 1019.2 1020.0 1016.7 1015.3 1013.7 1015.9
2014 1012.8 1012.3 1016.7 1018.	0 1019.5 1016.3 1020.0 1017.8 1012.3 1016.1
2015 1013.5 1012.1 1012.6 1017.3 1017.	2 1017.1 1018.7 1020.1 1017.3 1016.3 1015.0 1014.2 1016.0
2016 1011.0 1012.3 1013.6 1015.1 1016.	7 1019.0 1018.6 1019.2 1020.0 1016.7 1015.3 1013.7 1015.9
2017 1012.8 1012.3 1016.7 1018.	0 1019.5 1016.3 1020.0 1017.8 1012.3 1016.1
2018	
2019	

Year Jan Feb Jun Jul Sep Oct Dec Mar Apr May Aug Nov 2011 19.4 19.3 16.7 13.6 12.0 -7.2 7.7 8.2 9.8 12.8 15.9 18.8 2012 19.9 18.6 16.4 12.7 9.6 8.3 9.3 8.8 11.7 12.5 14.9 19.7 2013 20.5 19.1 16.1 12.2 7.9 -5.4 6.5 8.6 9.7 14.0 17.3 19.9 2014 20.3 18.2 16.4 11.4 8.3 6.1 -7.4 7.6 10.9 13.1 15.1 18.1 2015 19.3 10.6 9.6 9.6 -7.6 7.6 11.0 18.6 15.8 13.0 16.2 18.6 2016 20.5 7.9 -5.4 9.7 17.3 19.1 16.1 12.2 6.5 8.6 14.0 19.9 2017 9.6 -7.6 19.3 18.6 15.8 10.6 9.6 7.6 11.0 13.0 16.2 18.6 2018 2019 (5) Total Precipitation (precision to tenths of mm) Year Jan Feb Jun Jul Mar Apr May Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

(4) Mean Daily Air Temperature (precision to tenths of degrees Celsius)

2011	11.7	0	0	2.4	191.1	75.2	44.6	110.8	33.7	18.9	0.2	0 488.6
2012	7.0	0	37.7	14.7	168.9	408.8	208.7	115.1	186.7	43.9	2.0	0 1193.5
2013	8.3	1.0	0.3	17.5	55.9	147.9	139.7	116.0	24.9	0.4	0	0.2 512.1
2014	0	1.5	3.0	22.4	203.7	135.2	390.3	108.3	65.2	47.4	6.7	0 983.7
2015	0.3	0	29.9	25.0	127.1	26.1	126.5	6.6	46.7	71.9	0.2	0 460.3
2016	7.0	0	37.7	14.7	168.9	408.8	208.7	115.1	186.7	43.9	2.0	0 1193.5
2017	8.3	1.0	0.3	17.5	55.9	147.9	139.7	116.0	24.9	0.4	0	0.2 512.1
2018												

(6) Mean Daily Maximum Air Temperature (precision to tenths of degree Celsius)

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	ANNUAL
2011	1.3	3.6	13.9	20.4	29.5	30.8	32.3	30.5	26.7	19.1	11.1	1.6	18.2
2012	5.9	10.1	16.3	20.0	27.9	28.5	32.7	30.6	27.1	16.1	8.3	0.5	18.7
2013	1.6	6.1	11.0	20.8	26.8	30.4	31.0	31.7	25.5	18.6	7.1	5.3	18.0
2014	2.6	8.2	13.4	22.3	26.4	30.4	30.7	29.3	26.7	20.0	11.9	3.1	18.8

ANNUAL

13.5

13.5

13.1

12.7

13.1

13.1

13.1

ANNUAL

2019

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2015	2.1	1.3	12.5	22.7	25.6	31.5	32.7	30.3	27.2	20.6	13.4	1.6	18.5
2016	1.6	6.1	11.0	20.8	26.8	30.4	31.0	31.7					
2017	2.6	8.2	13.4	22.3									
2018	210	012	1011	2210	2011	5011	50.7	20.0	2017	2010		511	2010
2010													
2019													
(7) Me	an Dail	v Minir	mum Air	Tempe	rature	(precis	ion to t	tenths	of dear	ee Cels	ius)		
		1		1							,		
Year Ja	an F	'eb I	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	ANNUAL
2011	9.3	6.0	1.3	8.3	15.8	20.7	22.7	21.2	16.0	8.8	0.3	6.6	7.7
2012	5.2	2.8	3.2	8.9	15.4	19.4	22.8	21.5	14.3	5.7	1.6	6.2	8.0
2013	1.6	6.1	11.0	20.8	26.8	30.4	31.0	31.7	25.5	18.6	7.1	5.3	18.0
2014	2.6	8.2	13.4	22.3	26.4	30.4	30.7	29.3	26.7	20.0	11.9	3.1	18.8
2015	2.1	1.3	12.5	22.7	25.6	31.5	32.7	30.3	27.2	20.6	13.4	1.6	18.5
2016	1.6	6.1	11.0	20.8	26.8	30.4	31.0	31.7	25.5	18.6	7.1	5.3	18.0
2017	2.6	8.2	13.4	22.3	26.4	30.4	30.7	29.3	26.7	20.0	11.9	3.1	18.8
2018													
2019													
(8) Me	an Dail	y Rela	tive Hu	umidity	(whole	percen	t)						
Year J	an F	'eb I	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	ANNUAL
2011	57	62	31	46	44	63	68	71	63	73	56	42	56
2012	19	22	29	35	41	45	46	46	42	37	28	22	34
2013	20	22	25	33	41	45	47	46	43	38	27	20	34
2014	20	22	29	31	39	45	47	46	43	38	27	18	34
2015	18	20	26	34	40	45	47	47	43	37	25	23	34
2016	20	22	25	33	41	45	47	46	43	38	27	20	34
2017	20	22	29	31	39	45	47	46	43	38	27	18	34
2018													
2019													

Annex IV: Station Notes Example

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO (2 stations)

General:

All observation hours were in local time. A total of 24 hourly observations per day were used in computing the means of temperature and pressure except at Crown Point. At this station, part time operation existed during June to December 1980; January 1976; 1977, and 1978; February, March, April 1976; and for February, March, and April 1978. Observation hours during these periods were 0700 to 2300 hours or 0800 to 22 hours.

At Piarco, the period of record of CLINO values for sea level pressure and temperature was 1946-1975. For precipitation it was 1946-1980. No CLINO exists for Crown Point since past records begin only in 1970.

Pressure:

Pressure was measured by a Kew Pattern barometer until 1974 after which a precision Aneroid type was used. Heights of the barometers were 13.4 meters at Piarco and 6.7 meters at Crown Point.

Temperature:

Thermometers, housed in a standard Stevenson Screen, were 1.2 meters above ground at both stations.

Precipitation:

Rainfall was measured by a pot gauge. A Tilting – Siphon rain recorder adjusted the pot gauge. Rainfall was measured four times daily at 0200, 0800, 1400, and 2000 hours local time at both stations except during part time operations at Crown Point. Heights of the rain gauges were .3 meters at Piarco, and 3 meters at Crown Point.

URUGUAY (13 stations)

General:

CLINO values correspond to the period 1951-80 for precipitation and 1946-1980 for other elements. Rain gauges and thermometers were located 1.5 meters above the ground.

Pressure and Temperature:

The monthly pressure and temperature values were both computed from the equation:

```
1/10(00+03+06+09+12+15+18+21 hours GMT + Mean Max + Mean Min)
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Precipitation:

The daily values were measured at 0900 hours GMT.